

STATEMENT & ASSUMPTIONS BASED VERBAL REASONING PRACTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS PDF WITH EXPLANATION

For All Competitive SSC, Bank, IBPS, UPSC, Railway, IT & Other Govt. Exams

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DIRECTIONS:

In each question below is given a statement followed by two assumptions numbered I and II. An assumption is something supposed or taken for granted. You have to consider the statement and the following assumptions and decide which of the assumptions is implicit in the statement.

Give your answer as;

1. if only assumption I is implicit.
2. if only assumption II is implicit.
3. if either I or II is implicit.
4. if neither I nor II is implicit.
5. if both I and II are implicit.

Q1. Statement:

"Private property, trespassers will be prosecuted"- A notice on a plot of land..

Assumptions:

- I. The passerby may read the notice and may not trespass.
- II. The people are scared of prosecution.

- a) If only assumption I is implicit
- b) If only assumption II is implicit
- c) If either I or II is implicit
- d) If neither I nor II is implicit
- e) If both I and II are implicit.

Q2. Statement:

Being unable to accommodate adequate training session for the national team, country X has decided not to defend the LG Cup it won last year in the city Z.

Assumptions:

- I. Without playing several matches against major soccer-playing nations, it will be

futile to defend the LG Cup.

II. Underpreparedness of the team may result in failure for country X.

- a) if only assumption I is implicit.
 - b) if only assumption II is implicit.
 - c) if either I or II is implicit.
 - d) if neither I nor II is implicit.
 - e) if both I and II are implicit.
-

Q3. Statement:

If children are to manage our world in future, then they need to be equipped to do so.

Assumptions:

I. The world has always educated children.

II. It is possible to educate children.

- a) if only assumption I is implicit.
 - b) if only assumption II is implicit.
 - c) if either I or II is implicit.
 - d) if neither I nor II is implicit.
 - e) if both I and II are implicit.
-

Q4. Statement:

The municipal authority blocked movement of traffic in and around the temple on the main festival day.

Assumptions:

I. Very large number of devotees may visit the temple on the main festival day.

II. People travelling to the areas near the temple may postpone their journey by a day unless they have very urgent work in that area.

- a) if only assumption I is implicit.
- b) if only assumption II is implicit.
- c) if either I or II is implicit.
- d) if neither I nor II is implicit.
- e) if both I and II are implicit.

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Q5. Statement:

Lalit's mother instructed him to return home by train if it rains heavily.

Assumptions:

I. Lalit may not be able to decide himself if it rains heavily.

II. The trains may ply even if it rains heavily.

- a) if only assumption I is implicit.
- b) if only assumption II is implicit.
- c) if either I or II is implicit.
- d) if neither I nor II is implicit.
- e) if both I and II are implicit.

Q6. Statement:

Some are forced to leave their novels just when they are reaching its tantalising end.

Assumptions:

I. Novels are very interesting and no one wants to put it down without finishing it.

II. Students generally are afraid of their parents while reading novels.

- a) if only assumption I is implicit.
- b) if only assumption II is implicit.
- c) if either I or II is implicit.
- d) if neither I nor II is implicit.
- e) if both I and II are implicit.

Q7. Statement:

"We realise that your needs change over time. Our wide range of insurance solutions is designed keeping these changes in mind. So, whatever stage of life you are at, whatever your needs may be, you can count on us to have a solution."

— An advertisement

Assumptions:

I. People are attracted towards renovations.

II. A wide range of insurance solutions is likely to garner more customers.

a) if only assumption I is implicit.

b) if only assumption II is implicit.

c) if either I or II is implicit.

d) if neither I nor II is implicit.

e) if both I and II are implicit.

Q8. Statement:

An advertisement by bank X

— ‘Our interest rates for education loans are lower than those of any other bank.’

Assumptions:

I. Some other banks also provide education loans.

II. Interest rates charged on education loans are different for different banks.

a) if only assumption I is implicit.

b) if only assumption II is implicit.

c) if either I or II is implicit.

d) if neither I nor II is implicit.

e) if both I and II are implicit.

Q9. Statement:

His recent investment in the shares of company ‘A’ is only a gamble.

Assumptions:

I. He may incur loss on his investment.

II. He may gain from his investment.

a) if only assumption I is implicit.

b) if only assumption II is implicit.

c) if either I or II is implicit.

d) if neither I nor II is implicit.

e) if both I and II are implicit.

Q10. Statement:

The government has decided to pay compensation to the tune of Rs 1 lakh to the family members of those who are killed in railway accidents.

Assumptions:

I. The government has enough funds to meet the expenses due to compensation.

II. There may be reduction in incidents of railway accidents in near future.

a) if only assumption I is implicit.

b) if only assumption II is implicit.

c) if either I or II is implicit.

d) if neither I nor II is implicit.

e) if both I and II are implicit.

Q11. Statement:

Order can be maintained only when law becomes enforceable. Law implies the corpus of rules or injunctions that need to be obeyed by one and all without exception.

Assumptions:

I. The acceptance of a law by the people is a must for its effectiveness.

II. There is a section of people who are law unto themselves.

a) if only assumption I is implicit.

b) if only assumption II is implicit.

c) if either I or II is implicit.

d) if neither I nor II is implicit.

e) if both I and II are implicit.

Q12. Statement:

The college administration has instructed all the students to stop using a cell phone within the college premises.

Assumptions:

I. The students to stop using a cell phone on the college premises.

II. The students may continue to use a cell phone on the college premises.

- a) if only assumption I is implicit.
- b) if only assumption II is implicit.
- c) if either I or II is implicit.
- d) if neither I nor II is implicit.
- e) if both I and II are implicit.

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Q13. Statement:

“Private Property, trespassers will be prosecuted”
— A notice on a plot of land.

Assumptions:

- I. The passerby may read the notice and may not trespass.
- II. The people are scared of prosecution and, therefore, never trespass.

- a) if only assumption I is implicit.
- b) if only assumption II is implicit.
- c) if either I or II is implicit.
- d) if neither I nor II is implicit.
- e) if both I and II are implicit.

Q14. Statement:

Cases of food poisoning due to consumption of liquor are increasing in rural areas..

Assumptions:

- I. Percentage of people consuming liquor is more in rural areas.
- II. There are many unauthorized spurious liquor shops in the rural areas.

- a) If only assumption I is implicit
- b) If only assumption II is implicit
- c) If either I or II is implicit

- d) If neither I nor II is implicit
e) If both I and II are implicit.
-

Q15. Statement:

"Use our product to improve memory of your child. It is based on natural herbs and has no harmful side effects." – An advertisement of a pharmaceutical company.

Assumptions:

- I. People generally opt for a medical product which is useful and has no harmful side effects.
II. Improving memory of child is considered as important by many parents.

- a) If only assumption I is implicit
b) If only assumption II is implicit
c) If either I or II is implicit
d) If neither I nor II is implicit
e) If both I and II are implicit.
-

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Answers to the above questions :

Q1. Answer: (e)

- **VALID:** Desired outcome. At the time of putting up the notice, the author must have assumed people would read it and desired that people may not trespass
- **VALID:** Root Cause. The author cautioned the people about the prosecution by assuming that people will be scared of it.

Q2. Answer: (b)

The tone of the statement implies that the speaker assumes training session is necessary for the team.

Hence, assumption II is implicit. But the statement does not indicate what type of training session it should be.

Hence, assumption I is not implicit.

Q3. Answer: (b)

I is not implicit because we don't know whether the statement is based on past experience. II is implicit because education is very important in equipping the children.

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Q4. Answer: (e)

I is implicit as the cause of blocking the traffic. II is implicit because whenever we plan something, we assume that the conditions may be favourable enough.

Q5. Answer: (e)

Lalit's mother is instructing him what course to take if it rains heavily. Clearly, she assumes his incompetence in taking a decision of his own.

Hence I is implicit. Returning by train is possible only when the trains ply.

Hence II is implicit.

Q6. Answer: (a)

'Forced to leave' clearly indicates that no one wants to put it down on their own and everyone enjoys reading it.

Hence I is implicit. II has no relation with the statement.

Q7. Answer: (e)

The advertisement talks about renovation in schemes and wide range of solutions. Why such ads? It is likely that these two qualities of schemes will attract customers.

Hence both I and II are implicit.

Q8. Answer: (e)

The comparison is possible only when I is assumed. Same for II.

Q9. Answer: (c)

Investment in the shares of company 'A' has been termed as 'a gamble'. This implies the speaker must be assuming that the investment may either incur loss or bear profit.

Q10. Answer: (a)

The decision taken by the government implies that the government must be assuming I. Note that no organisation/government/person takes decision to compensate the victim unless it assumes that it has adequate fund to satisfy the expenses. II can't be correlated.

Hence, II is not implicit.

Q11. Answer: (e)

Because he is assuming I that is why he has used the term 'enforceable' in his statement. Speaker is assuming II; that is why he stressed that law should be obeyed by all without exception.

Q12. Answer: (a)

when you instruct Someone to do Something, you assume that he may do it.

Hence II is implicit and II is not

Q13. Answer: (a)

Whenever such notices are displayed it is assumed that those who are concerned with the notice will read the notice and follow the messages in it.

Hence I is implicit. If II were true, it is not necessary to display such notices.

Q14. Answer: (d)

- **INVALID:** Not directly related to statement. Since the statement shows increase in the number of cases of food poisoning, the cause should also show an increment. Large number of people cannot justify the increase in cases. The number could have been large before also
- **INVALID:** Not directly related to statement. Again many shops cannot justify the increase in the cases of food poisoning. The number of shops could have been many before also.

Q15. Answer: (e)

Both are desired effects.

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